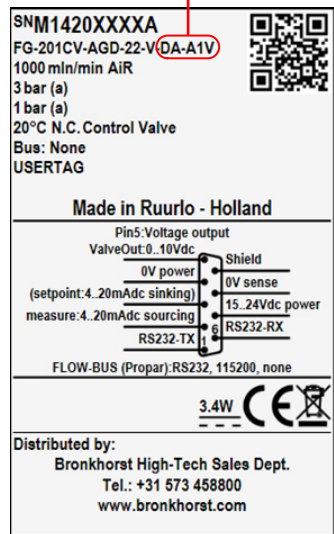


MBC3



Controller mode	Code
Analog setpoint	A
Digital setpoint	D

Integrated Comm. Mode	Code
RS232 – FLOW-BUS (ProPar)	A
RS485 – FLOW-BUS	B
RS485 – Modbus RTU	C
RS485 – Modbus ASCII	D



Check table below for Hook-up diagrams

Code	Type	Code	Range	Code	Linked parameter	
A	Voltage output	0	0...5 Vdc	A	Alarm	
		1	0...10 Vdc	B	Batch counter	
		9	Custom	C	Control mode	
B	Current output	0	0...20 mA	D	Density	
		1	4...20 mA	E	Measure	
		9	Custom	F	Frequency	
		0	Remote parameter	I	IO switch status	
		1	Min alarm	P	Pressure	
		2	Max alarm	S	Setpoint	
C	Digital output	3	Min/max alarm	T	Temperature	
		4	Counter limit reached	V	Controller output	
		5	Enabled by setpoint	Z	Custom	
		9	Custom			
		D	Frequency output	9	Custom	
		E	PWM output	9	Custom	
		F	Pulse output	9	Custom	
G	Voltage input	0	0...5 Vdc	C	Control mode	
		1	0...10 Vdc	E	Measure (external sensor)	
		9	Custom	I	IO switch status	
H	Current input	0	0...20 mA	N	Calibration mode	
		1	4...20 mA	R	Reset	
		9	Custom	S	Setpoint	
I	Digital input	1	Counter reset	V	Actuator (Valve)	
		2	Alarm reset	Z	Custom	
		3	Close Valve			
		4	Counter reset/disable			
		5	Auto Zero			
		8	Purge Valve			
		9	Custom			

Preset Table

Type	Range	Par	Configurable input/output (pin 5)
A	1	V	0...10 Vdc output, controller (default)
B	1	V	4...20 mA output, controller
C	3	A	Digital output, min/max alarm
C	4	A	Digital output, counter limit reached
C	5	S	Digital output, enabled by setpoint (for shut-off)
C	0	I	Digital output, high/low switch via remote parameter
D	9	E	Digital frequency output, measure
F	9	B	Digital pulse output, batch counter
H	1	E	4...20 mA input, external sensor
I	3	C	Digital input, controller mode valve close
I	8	C	Digital input, controller mode valve purge
I	1	R	Digital input, reset counter
I	2	R	Digital input, reset alarm

Other settings on request.

Check next page for Hook-up diagrams

The labels shown are for illustration purposes only and may vary on actual products.

PIN 1&6, RS232/RS485 HOOK-UP DIAGRAMS

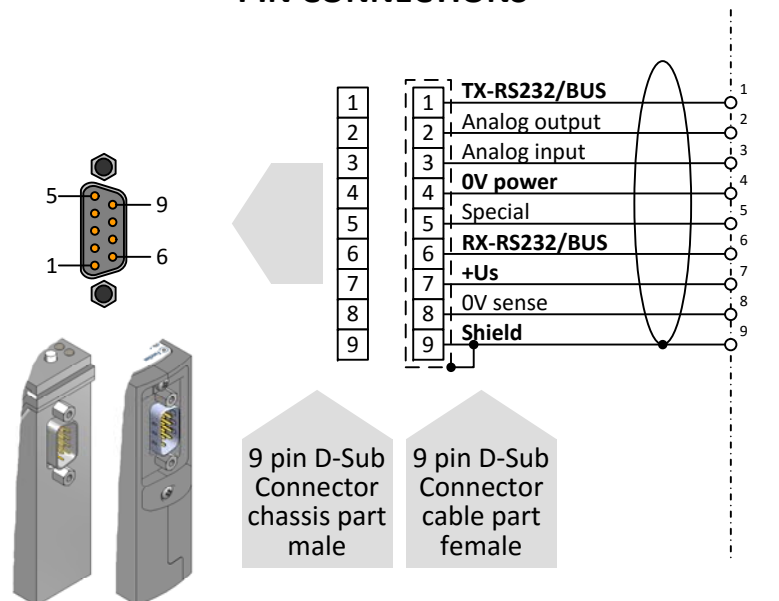
PIN 1&6 BUS OPTIONS

Pin 1&6	Pin 5
# # - # # #	# # #
A	RS232 – FLOW-BUS (ProPar)
B	RS485 – FLOW-BUS
C	RS485 – Modbus RTU
D	RS485 – Modbus ASCII

A	Analog setpoint mode
D	Digital setpoint mode

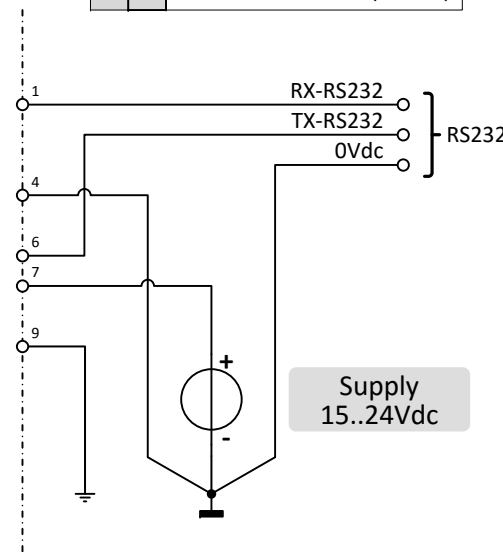
Note:
When the instrument is configured for analog setpoint mode it is not possible to give a setpoint via FLOW-BUS or Modbus input on the D-sub connector.
To configure the instrument for digital operation, change parameter 'control mode'. See doc.nr. 9.17.023 for more details.

PIN CONNECTIONS

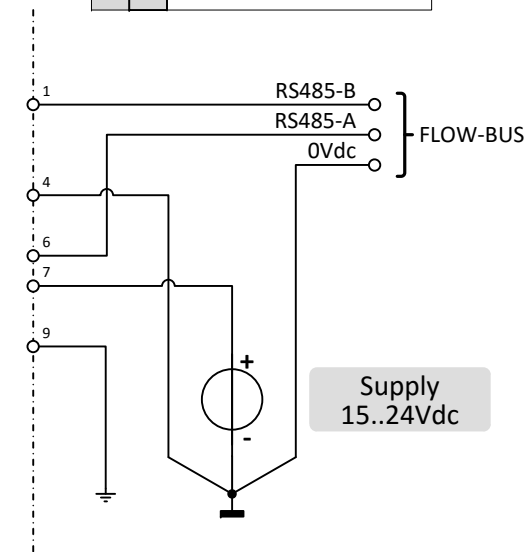


When connecting the system to other devices, be sure that the integrity of the shielding is not affected. Do not use unshielded wire terminals.

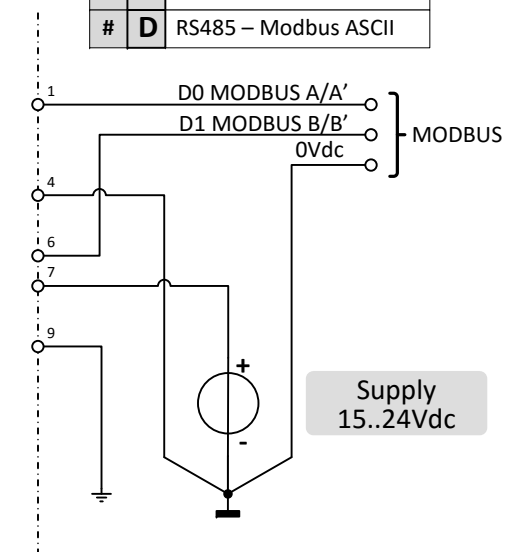
A RS232 – FLOW-BUS (ProPar)



B RS485 – FLOW-BUS



C RS485 – Modbus RTU
D RS485 – Modbus ASCII

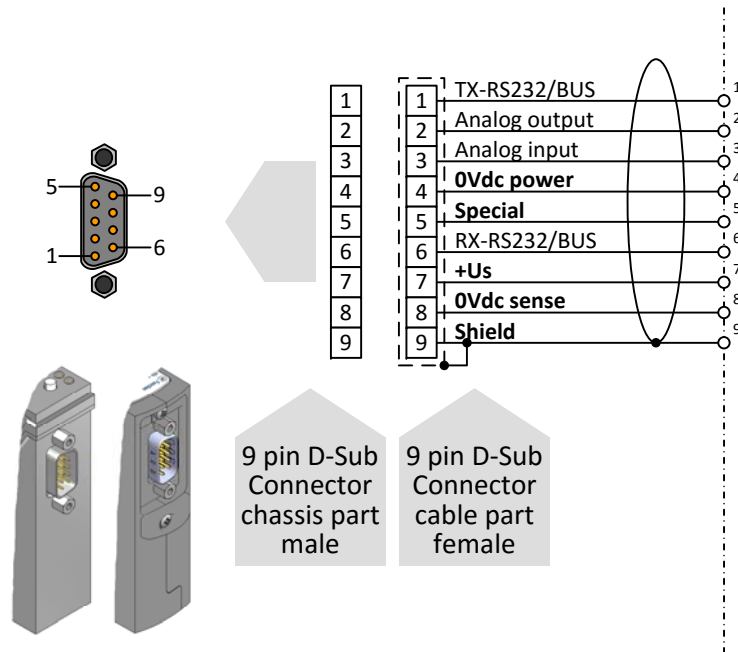


PIN 5, IO HOOK-UP DIAGRAMS

PIN 5 IO OPTIONS

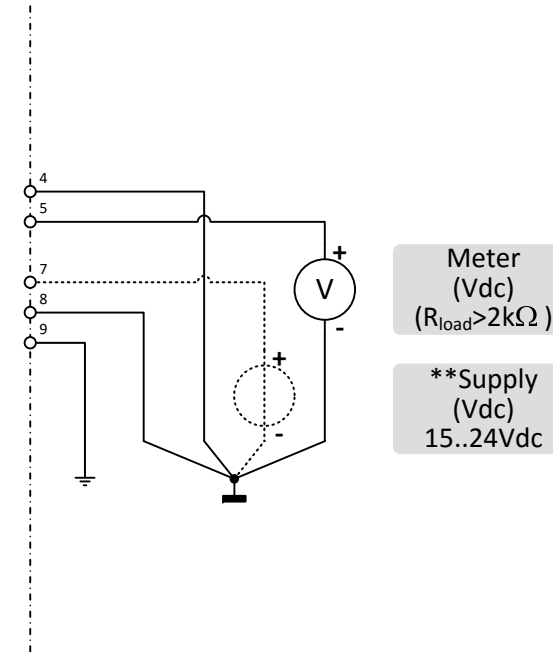
Pin 1&6	Pin 5		
# #	# # #		
A	# #	Vdc analog output	
B	# #	mAdc analog output	
C	# #	Digital output	
D	# #	Digital frequency output	
E	# #	Digital PWM output	
F	# #	Digital pulse output	
G	# #	Vdc analog input	
H	# #	mAdc analog input	
I	# #	Digital input	

PIN CONNECTIONS



When connecting the system to other devices, be sure that the integrity of the shielding is not affected. Do not use unshielded wire terminals.

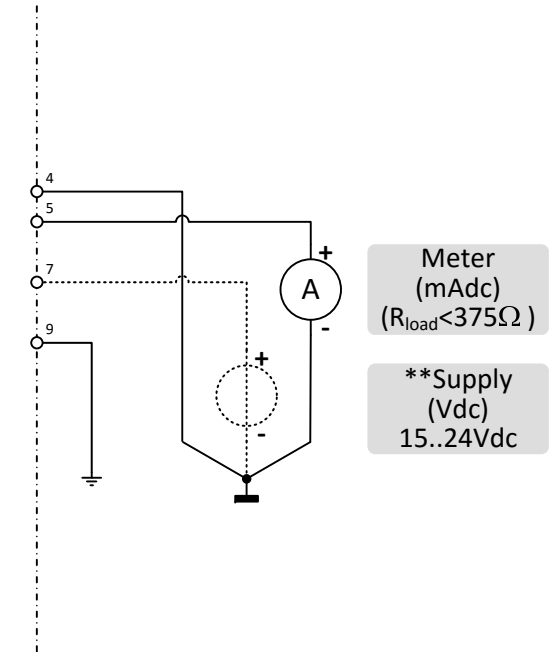
A	0	#	0..5 Vdc analog output
	1	#	0..10 Vdc analog output
	9	#	custom Vdc analog output



Meter (Vdc)
($R_{load} > 2k\Omega$)
**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

Note: 0Vdc power (pin 4) and 0Vdc sense (pin 8) should be separately connected to the 0V terminal at the power supply

B	0	#	0..20 mAdc analog output
	1	#	4..20 mAdc analog output
	9	#	custom mAdc analog output



Meter (mAdc)
($R_{load} < 375\Omega$)
**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

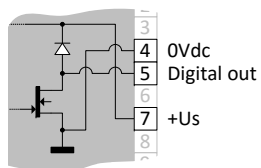
Note: In analog mode with 'mAdc' signals 0Vdc sense (pin 8) does not need to be connected. The instrument's operation will not be effected in case 0Vdc sense is al-ready hooked-up

POWER SUPPLY WARNING

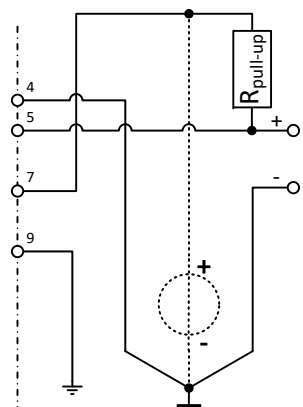


** Use only SUB-D 9 or FLOWBUS/MODBUS/DeviceNet connector to power the device. Wrong powering could damage the device. Please refer the corresponding manual for the right power connection!

Internal setup digital output



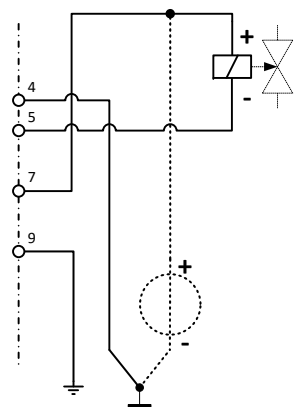
C	# #	Digital output
D	# #	Digital frequency output
E	# #	Digital PWM output
F	# #	Digital pulse output



* $R_{pull-up} = 5k\Omega..10k\Omega$
Pulse output
Active = 0Vdc (low)

**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

Pulse Output

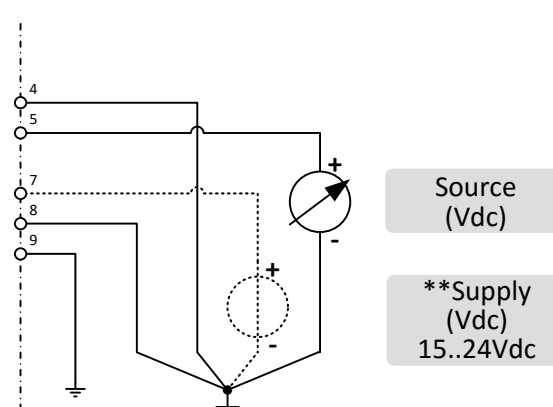


Valve ($I_{max} = 265mA$)

**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

Shut-off Valve

G	0	#	0..5 Vdc analog input
	1	#	0..10 Vdc analog input
	9	#	custom Vdc analog input

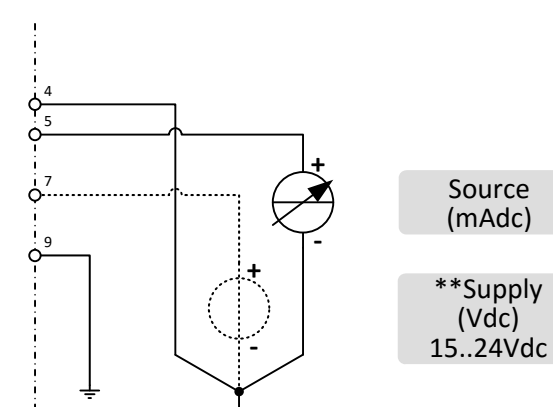


Source (Vdc)

**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

Note: 0Vdc power (pin 4) and 0Vdc sense (pin 8) should be separately connected to the 0V terminal at the power supply.

H	0	#	0..20 mAdc analog input
	1	#	4..20 mAdc analog input
	9	#	custom mAdc analog input

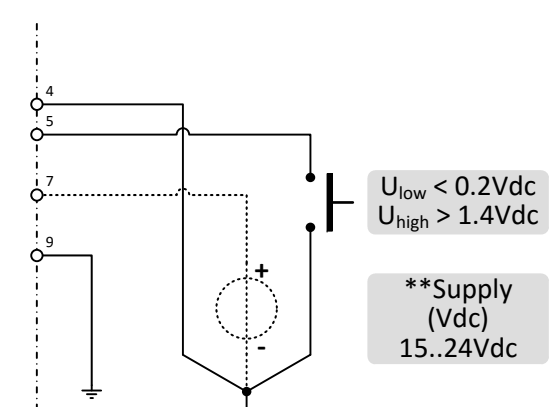


Source (mAdc)

**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

Note: In analog mode with 'mAdc' signals 0Vdc sense (pin 8) does not need to be connected. The instrument's operation will not be effected in case 0Vdc sense is al-ready hooked-up.

I	# #	Digital input
----------	-----	---------------



$U_{low} < 0.2Vdc$
 $U_{high} > 1.4Vdc$

**Supply (Vdc)
15..24Vdc

* Use $R_{pull-up}$ (between 5k Ω and 10 k Ω) to create 15..24Vdc at pin 5

Note: For 15Vdc supply the minimal load is 60 Ohm, for 24Vdc supply the minimal load is 90 Ohm